



Summary Statistics	November 2022	November 2021	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	56	76	-26.3%
Paid in Cash	38	43	-11.6%
Median Sale Price	\$310,000	\$217,500	42.5%
Average Sale Price	\$331,310	\$292,944	13.1%
Dollar Volume	\$18.6 Million	\$22.3 Million	-16.7%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.8%	100.0%	-4.2%
Median Time to Contract	19 Days	11 Days	72.7%
Median Time to Sale	57 Days	47 Days	21.3%
New Pending Sales	60	96	-37.5%
New Listings	112	144	-22.2%
Pending Inventory	105	172	-39.0%
Inventory (Active Listings)	286	151	89.4%
Months Supply of Inventory	3.0	1.3	130.8%

Closed Sales

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,019	-19.2%
November 2022	56	-26.3%
October 2022	97	-4.9%
September 2022	84	-28.8%
August 2022	90	-15.1%
July 2022	78	-29.1%
June 2022	99	-26.1%
May 2022	113	-19.9%
April 2022	124	-24.8%
March 2022	97	-27.6%
February 2022	92	-10.7%
January 2022	89	23.6%
December 2021	113	-1.7%
November 2021	76	-29.6%



this statistic should be interpreted with care.



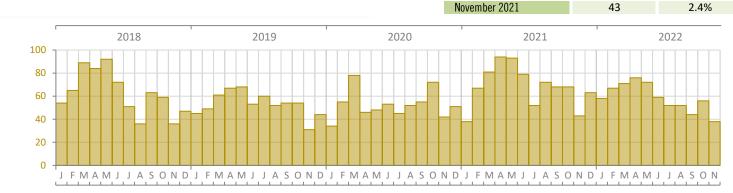
52.6%

23.5%

Cash Sales	Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	645	-14.6%
The number of Closed Sales during the month in which	November 2022	38	-11.6%
buyers exclusively paid in cash	October 2022	56	-17.6%
buyers exclusively paid in cash	September 2022	44	-35.3%
	August 2022	52	-27.8%
	July 2022	52	0.0%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to	June 2022	59	-25.3%
which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are	May 2022	72	-22.6%
far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front,	April 2022	76	-19.1%
whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other	March 2022	71	-12.3%
form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so	February 2022	67	0.0%

January 2022

December 2021



Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

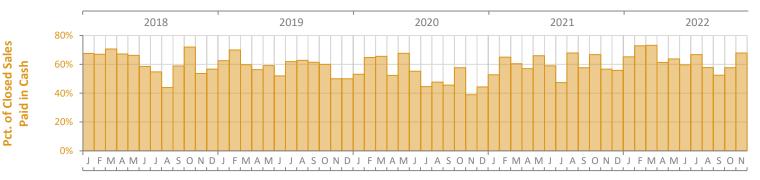
The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note : This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	63.3%	5.7%
November 2022	67.9%	20.0%
October 2022	57.7%	-13.5%
September 2022	52.4%	-9.0%
August 2022	57.8%	-14.9%
July 2022	66.7%	41.0%
June 2022	59.6%	1.0%
May 2022	63.7%	-3.5%
April 2022	61.3%	7.5%
March 2022	73.2%	21.2%
February 2022	72.8%	12.0%
January 2022	65.2%	23.5%
December 2021	55.8%	26.0%
November 2021	56.6%	45.5%

58

63





Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$281,500	34.7%
November 2022	\$310,000	42.5%
October 2022	\$299,900	45.2%
September 2022	\$299,000	26.5%
August 2022	\$304,500	47.6%
July 2022	\$288,000	35.8%
June 2022	\$290,000	48.4%
May 2022	\$289,900	27.4%
April 2022	\$252,000	22.9%
March 2022	\$263,000	23.9%
February 2022	\$267,500	28.3%
January 2022	\$250,000	18.5%
December 2021	\$272,000	28.0%
November 2021	\$217,500	4.3%



Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note : Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$346,179	19.6%
November 2022	\$331,310	13.1%
October 2022	\$320,253	25.1%
September 2022	\$324,695	4.0%
August 2022	\$339,922	23.1%
July 2022	\$299,794	12.2%
June 2022	\$358,760	40.7%
May 2022	\$420,352	34.6%
April 2022	\$341,419	0.1%
March 2022	\$328,487	8.5%
February 2022	\$349,804	40.9%
January 2022	\$365,047	27.4%
December 2021	\$295,333	14.1%
November 2021	\$292,944	38.5%



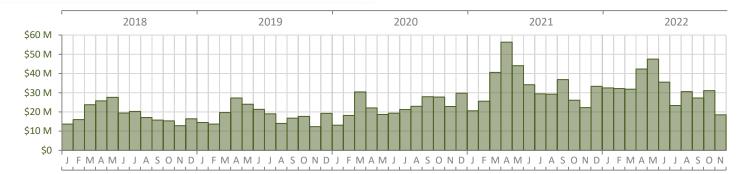


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note : Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$352.8 Million	-3.4%
November 2022	\$18.6 Million	-16.7%
October 2022	\$31.1 Million	18.9%
September 2022	\$27.3 Million	-26.0%
August 2022	\$30.6 Million	4.6%
July 2022	\$23.4 Million	-20.4%
June 2022	\$35.5 Million	3.9%
May 2022	\$47.5 Million	7.8%
April 2022	\$42.3 Million	-24.8%
March 2022	\$31.9 Million	-21.5%
February 2022	\$32.2 Million	25.9%
January 2022	\$32.5 Million	57.5%
December 2021	\$33.4 Million	12.1%
November 2021	\$22.3 Million	-2.5%

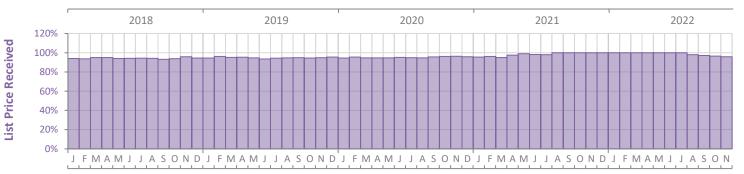


Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note : The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	99.1%	1.0%
November 2022	95.8%	-4.2%
October 2022	96.5%	-3.5%
September 2022	97.1%	-2.9%
August 2022	98.0%	-2.0%
July 2022	100.0%	2.0%
June 2022	100.0%	1.9%
May 2022	100.0%	1.0%
April 2022	100.0%	2.6%
March 2022	100.0%	5.4%
February 2022	100.0%	4.0%
January 2022	100.0%	4.7%
December 2021	100.0%	4.4%
November 2021	100.0%	3.8%



Med. Pct. of Orig.

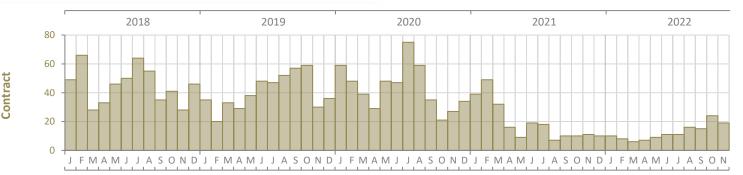


Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	11 Days	-35.3%
November 2022	19 Days	72.7%
October 2022	24 Days	140.0%
September 2022	15 Days	50.0%
August 2022	16 Days	128.6%
July 2022	11 Days	-38.9%
June 2022	11 Days	-42.1%
May 2022	9 Days	0.0%
April 2022	7 Days	-56.3%
March 2022	6 Days	-81.3%
February 2022	8 Days	-83.7%
January 2022	10 Days	-74.4%
December 2021	10 Days	-70.6%
November 2021	11 Days	-59.3%



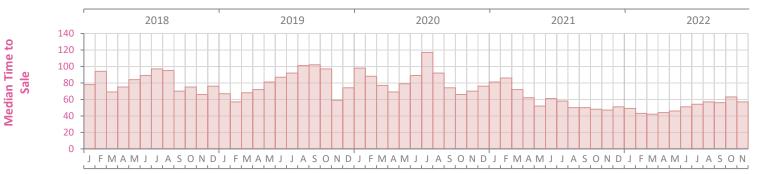
Median Time to Sale

Median Time to

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

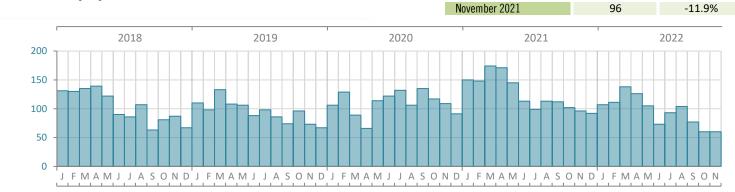
Economists' note : Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	49 Days	-14.0%
November 2022	57 Days	21.3%
October 2022	63 Days	31.3%
September 2022	56 Days	12.0%
August 2022	57 Days	14.0%
July 2022	54 Days	-6.9%
June 2022	51 Days	-16.4%
May 2022	46 Days	-11.5%
April 2022	44 Days	-29.0%
March 2022	42 Days	-41.7%
February 2022	43 Days	-50.0%
January 2022	49 Days	-39.5%
December 2021	51 Days	-32.9%
November 2021	47 Days	-32.9%





New Pending Sales	Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	1,054	-25.9%
The number of listed properties that went under	November 2022	60	-37.5%
contract during the month	October 2022	60	-41.2%
	September 2022	77	-31.3%
	August 2022	104	-8.0%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a	July 2022	93	-6.1%
sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent	June 2022	73	-35.4%
indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in	May 2022	105	-27.6%
mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully.	April 2022	126	-26.3%
So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed	March 2022	138	-20.7%
Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the	February 2022	111	-25.0%
availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of	January 2022	107	-28.7%



December 2021

New Listings

New Listings

distressed properties for sale.

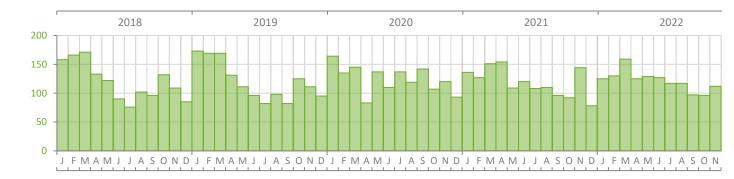
The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note : New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,334	-1.0%
November 2022	112	-22.2%
October 2022	96	4.3%
September 2022	97	1.0%
August 2022	117	6.4%
July 2022	117	8.3%
June 2022	127	5.8%
May 2022	129	18.3%
April 2022	125	-18.8%
March 2022	159	5.3%
February 2022	130	2.4%
January 2022	125	-8.1%
December 2021	78	-16.1%
November 2021	144	20.0%

92

1.1%

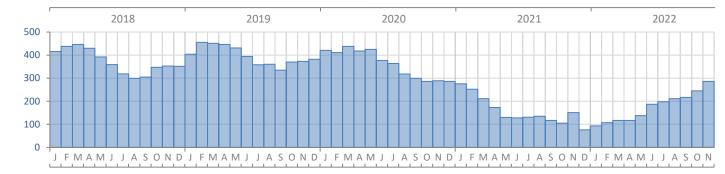




Inventory (Active Listings) Month The number of property listings active at the end of the month YTD (Month) Economists' note : There are a number of ways to define and calculate August

Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	174	5.9%
November 2022	286	89.4%
October 2022	245	133.3%
September 2022	217	85.5%
August 2022	211	56.3%
July 2022	198	51.1%
June 2022	187	46.1%
May 2022	138	6.2%
April 2022	117	-32.4%
March 2022	117	-44.5%
February 2022	107	-57.5%
January 2022	93	-66.3%
December 2021	76	-73.4%
November 2021	151	-47.8%

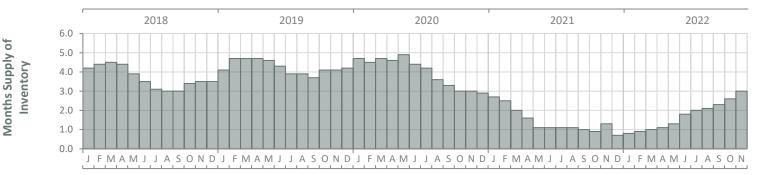


Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note : MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1.7	13.3%
November 2022	3.0	130.8%
October 2022	2.6	188.9%
September 2022	2.3	130.0%
August 2022	2.1	90.9%
July 2022	2.0	81.8%
June 2022	1.8	63.6%
May 2022	1.3	18.2%
April 2022	1.1	-31.3%
March 2022	1.0	-50.0%
February 2022	0.9	-64.0%
January 2022	0.8	-70.4%
December 2021	0.7	-75.9%
November 2021	1.3	-56.7%

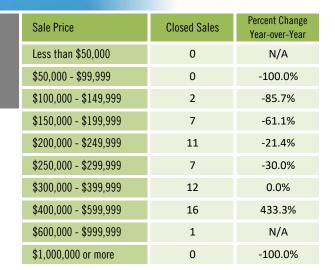




Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

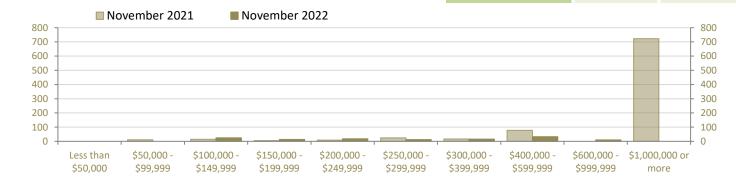




Median Time to Contract by Sale Price The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	(No Sales)	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	25 Days	78.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	13 Days	116.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	18 Days	100.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	12 Days	-52.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	16 Days	-5.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	32 Days	-59.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	10 Days	N/A
\$1,000,000 or more	(No Sales)	N/A





60

50

40

30

20

10

0

New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

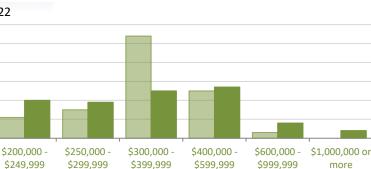
Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1	-66.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	2	-71.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	6	-76.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	20	81.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	19	26.7%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	25	-53.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	27	8.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	8	166.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	4	N/A



\$50,000

\$99,999



Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the month

\$100,000

\$149.999

\$150,000 -

\$199,999

Economists' note : There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	5	0.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	18	-21.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	40	400.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	32	300.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	72	41.2%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	67	157.7%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	29	222.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	22	4.8%



Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Wednesday, December 21, 2022. Next data release is Friday, January 20, 2023.

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Less than

\$50,000

Inventor)

Monthly Distressed Market - November 2022 Townhouses and Condos Martin County



